

General Assembly

Substitute Bill No. 5074

February Session, 2010

*	HB05074CE	032310	¥

AN ACT ENCOURAGING BIOMANUFACTURING JOBS IN DISTRESSED MUNICIPALITIES.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

- 1 Section 1. Section 32-9p of the general statutes is repealed and the
- 2 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2010*):
- 3 As used in subdivisions (59) and (60) of section 12-81, as amended
- 4 by this act, and sections 12-217e, 32-9p to 32-9s, inclusive, as amended
- 5 by this act, and 32-23p, the following words and terms have the
- 6 following meanings:
- 7 (a) "Area of high unemployment" means, as of the date of any final
- 8 and official determination by the authority or the department to
- 9 extend assistance under said sections, any municipality which is a
- distressed municipality as defined in subsection (b) of this section, and
- 11 any other municipality in the state which in the calendar year
- 12 preceding such determination had a rate of unemployment which
- 13 exceeded one hundred ten per cent of the average rate of
- 14 unemployment in the state for the same calendar year, as determined
- 15 by the Labor Department, provided no such other municipality with
- an unemployment rate of less than six per cent shall be an area of high
- 17 unemployment.
- 18 (b) "Distressed municipality" means, as of the date of the issuance of

an eligibility certificate, any municipality in the state which, according to the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development meets the necessary number of quantitative physical and economic distress thresholds which are then applicable for eligibility for the urban development action grant program under the Housing and Community Development Act of 1977, as amended, or any town within which is located an unconsolidated city or borough which meets such distress thresholds. Any municipality which, at any time subsequent to July 1, 1978, has met such thresholds but which at any time thereafter fails to meet such thresholds, according to said department, shall be deemed to be a distressed municipality for a period of five years subsequent to the date of the determination that such municipality fails to meet such thresholds, unless such municipality elects to terminate its designation as a "distressed municipality", by vote of its legislative body, not later than September 1, 1985, or not later than three months after receiving notification from the commissioner that it no longer meets such thresholds, whichever is later. In the event a distressed municipality elects to terminate its designation, the municipality shall notify the commissioner and the Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management in writing within thirty days. In the event that the commissioner determines that amendatory federal legislation or administrative regulation has materially changed the distress thresholds thereby established, "distressed municipality" shall mean any municipality in the state which meets comparable thresholds of distress which are then applicable in the areas of high unemployment and poverty, aging housing stock and low or declining rates of growth in job creation, population and per capita income as established by the commissioner, consistent with the purposes of subdivisions (59) and (60) of section 12-81, as amended by this act, and sections 12-217e, as amended by this act, 32-9p to 32-9s, inclusive, as amended by this act, and 32-23p, in regulations adopted in accordance with chapter 54. For purposes of sections 32-9p to 32-9s, inclusive, as amended by this act, "distressed municipality" shall also mean any municipality adversely impacted by a major plant closing, relocation or layoff, provided the eligibility of a

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- 54 municipality shall not exceed two years from the date of such closing, 55 relocation or layoff. The Commissioner of Economic and Community 56 Development shall adopt regulations, in accordance with the 57 provisions of chapter 54, which define what constitutes a "major plant 58 closing, relocation or layoff" for purposes of sections 32-9p to 32-9s, 59 inclusive, as amended by this act. "Distressed municipality" shall also 60 mean the portion of any municipality which is eligible for designation 61 as an enterprise zone pursuant to subdivision (2) of subsection (b) of 62 section 32-70.
 - (c) "Eligibility certificate" means a certificate issued by the department pursuant to section 32-9r, as amended by this act, evidencing its determination that a facility for which an application for assistance has been submitted qualifies as a manufacturing facility and is eligible for assistance under section 12-217e, as amended by this act, and subdivisions (59) and (60) of section 12-81, as amended by this act.
 - (d) "Manufacturing facility" means any plant, building, other real property improvement, or part thereof, (1) which (A) is constructed or substantially renovated or expanded on or after July 1, 1978, in a distressed municipality, a targeted investment community as defined in section 32-222, or an enterprise zone designated pursuant to section 32-70, or (B) is acquired on or after July 1, 1978, in a distressed municipality, a targeted investment community as defined in section 32-222, or an enterprise zone designated pursuant to [said] section 32-70, by a business organization which is unrelated to and unaffiliated with the seller, after having been idle for at least one year prior to its acquisition and regardless of its previous use; (2) which is to be used for the manufacturing, processing or assembling of raw materials, parts or manufactured products, for research and development facilities directly related to manufacturing, for the significant servicing, overhauling or rebuilding of machinery and equipment for industrial use, or, except as provided in this subsection, for warehousing and distribution or, (A) if located in an enterprise zone designated pursuant to [said] section 32-70, which is to be used by an establishment, an auxiliary or an operating unit of an establishment as

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88 such terms are defined in the Standard Industrial Classification 89 Manual, in the categories of depository institutions, nondepository 90 credit institutions, insurance carriers, holding or other investment offices, business services, health services, fishing, hunting and 91 92 trapping, motor freight transportation and warehousing, water 93 transportation, transportation by air, transportation services, security 94 commodity brokers, dealers, exchanges and services, 95 telemarketing or engineering, accounting, research, management and 96 related services including, but not limited to, management consulting 97 services from the Standard Industrial Classification Manual or in 98 Sector 48, 49, 52, 54, 55, or 62, Subsector 114 or 561, or industry group 99 5621 in the North American Industrial Classification System, United 100 States Manual, United States Office of Management and Budget, 1997 101 edition, which establishment, auxiliary or operating unit shows a 102 strong performance in exporting goods and services, and as further 103 defined by the commissioner through regulations adopted under 104 chapter 54, or (B) if located in an enterprise zone designated pursuant 105 to [said] section 32-70, which is to be used by an establishment 106 primarily engaged in supplying goods or services in the fields of 107 computer hardware or software, computer networking, 108 telecommunications or communications, or (C) if located in a 109 municipality with an entertainment district designated under section 110 32-76 or established under section 2 of public act 93-311, is to be used 111 in the production of entertainment products, including multimedia 112 products, or as part of the airing, display or provision of live 113 entertainment for stage or broadcast, including support services such 114 as set manufacturers, scenery makers, sound and video equipment 115 providers and manufacturers, stage and screen writers, providers of 116 capital for the entertainment industry and agents for talent, writers, 117 producers and music properties and technological infrastructure 118 support including, but not limited to, fiber optics, necessary to support 119 multimedia and other entertainment formats, except entertainment 120 provided by or shown at a gambling or gaming facility or a facility 121 whose primary business is the sale or serving of alcoholic beverages; 122 and (3) for which the department has issued an eligibility certificate in

accordance with section 32-9r, as amended by this act. In the case of facilities which are acquired, the department may waive the requirement of one year of idleness if it determines that, absent qualification as a manufacturing facility under subdivisions (59) and (60) of section 12-81, as amended by this act, and sections 12-217e, as amended by this act, 32-9p to 32-9s, inclusive, as amended by this act, and 32-23p, there is a high likelihood that the facility will remain idle for one year. In the case of facilities located in an enterprise zone designated pursuant to [said] section 32-70, (A) the idleness requirement in subparagraph (B) of subdivision (1) of this subsection, for business organizations which over the six months preceding such acquisition have had an average total employment of between six and nineteen employees, inclusive, shall be reduced to a minimum of six months, and (B) the idleness requirement shall not apply to business organizations with an average total employment of five or fewer employees, provided no more than one eligibility certificate shall be issued under this subparagraph for the same facility within a threeyear period. Of those facilities which are for warehousing and distribution, only those which are newly constructed or which represent an expansion of an existing facility qualify as manufacturing facilities. In the event that only a portion of a plant is acquired, constructed, renovated or expanded, only the portion acquired, constructed, renovated or expanded constitutes the manufacturing facility. A manufacturing facility which is leased may for the purposes of subdivisions (59) and (60) of section 12-81, as amended by this act, and sections 12-217e, as amended by this act, 32-9p to 32-9s, inclusive, as amended by this act, and 32-23p, be treated in the same manner as a facility which is acquired if the provisions of the lease serve to further the purposes of subdivisions (59) and (60) of section 12-81, as amended by this act, and sections 12-217e, as amended by this act, 32-9p to 32-9s, inclusive, as amended by this act, and 32-23p and demonstrate a substantial, long-term commitment by the occupant to use the manufacturing facility, including a contract for lease for an initial minimum term of five years with provisions for the extension of the lease at the request of the lessee for an aggregate term which shall not

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be less than ten years, or the right of the lessee to purchase the facility 158 159 at any time after the initial five-year term, or both. For a facility located 160 in an enterprise zone designated pursuant to [said] section 32-70, and occupied by a business organization with an average total employment 161 162 of ten or fewer employees over the six-month period preceding 163 acquisition, such contract for lease may be for an initial minimum term 164 of three years with provisions for the extension of the lease at the 165 request of the lessee for an aggregate term which shall not be less than 166 six years, or the right of the lessee to purchase the facility at any time 167 after the initial three-year term, or both, and may also include the right 168 for the lessee to relocate to other space within the same enterprise 169 zone, provided such space is under the same ownership or control as 170 the originally leased space or if such space is not under such same 171 ownership or control as the originally leased space, permission to 172 relocate is granted by the lessor of such originally leased space, and 173 such relocation shall not extend the duration of benefits granted under 174 the original eligibility certificate. Except as provided in subparagraph 175 (B) of subdivision (1) of this subsection, a manufacturing facility does 176 not include any plant, building, other real property improvement or 177 part thereof used or usable for such purposes which existed before July 178 1, 1978.

- (e) "Service facility" means a manufacturing facility described in subparagraph (A) or (B) of subdivision (2) of subsection (d) of this section, provided such facility is located outside of an enterprise zone in a targeted investment community.
- (f) "Authority", "capital reserve fund bond", "commissioner", "department", "industrial project" and "insurance fund" shall have the meaning such words and terms are given in section 32-23d.
- 186 (g) "Municipality" means any town, city or borough in the state.
- (h) "Biomanufacturing facility" means any plant, building, other real property improvement or part thereof, (1) (A) constructed or substantially renovated or expanded, on or after the effective date of

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190 this section, in a distressed municipality, or (B) acquired, on or after 191 the effective date of this section, in a distressed municipality, by a business organization which is unrelated to and unaffiliated with the 192 193 seller, after having been idle for at least one year prior to its acquisition 194 and regardless of its previous use; (2) to be used in the course of 195 development of technologies that use chemical, physical or biological 196 processes performed by living cells for use in other applications, 197 including, but not limited to, the production of pharmaceuticals; and (3) for which the department has issued an eligibility certificate in 198 199 accordance with section 32-9r, as amended by this act. In the case of 200 facilities which are acquired, the Department of Economic and 201 Community Development may waive the requirement of one year of 202 idleness if it determines that, absent qualification as a biomanufacturing facility under subdivision (59) of section 12-81, as 203 204 amended by this act, or sections 12-217e, 32-9p and 32-9r, as amended 205 by this act, there is a high likelihood that the facility will remain idle for one additional year. Of those facilities which are solely for 206 207 warehousing and distribution, only those which are newly constructed or which represent an expansion of an existing facility qualify as 208 209 biomanufacturing facilities. In the event that only a portion of a plant is acquired, constructed, renovated or expanded, only the portion 210 acquired, constructed, renovated or expanded constitutes the 211 biomanufacturing facility. A biomanufacturing facility which is leased 212 213 may, for the purposes of subdivision (59) of section 12-81, as amended 214 by this act, or sections 12-217e, 32-9p and 32-9r, as amended by this act, be treated in the same manner as a facility which is acquired if the 215 216 provisions of the lease serve to further the purposes of subdivision (59) 217 of section 12-81, as amended by this act, or sections 12-217e, 32-9p and 218 32-9r, as amended by this act, and demonstrate a substantial, longterm commitment by the occupant to use the biomanufacturing 219 220 facility, by including in a contract for lease an initial minimum term of 221 five years with provisions for the extension of the lease at the request 222 of the lessee for an aggregate term which shall not be less than ten 223 years, or the right of the lessee to purchase the facility at any time after 224 the initial five-year term, or both. Except as provided in subparagraph

- 225 (B) of subdivision (1) of this subsection, a biomanufacturing facility
- does not include any plant, building, other real property improvement
- 227 or part thereof which was used or usable for biomanufacturing
- 228 purposes before the effective date of this section.
- Sec. 2. Section 32-9r of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2010*):
- 231 (a) Any person may apply to the department for a determination as
- 232 to whether the facility described in an application qualifies as a
- 233 manufacturing facility, biomanufacturing facility or service facility.
- 234 Applications for eligibility certificates are to be made on the forms and
- 235 in the manner prescribed by the department. In evaluating each
- 236 application the department may require the submission of all books,
- 237 records, documents, drawings, specifications, certifications and other
- 238 evidentiary items which it deems appropriate.
- 239 (b) No eligibility certificate shall be issued after March 1, 1991, for a
- 240 manufacturing facility located in a distressed municipality which does
- 241 not qualify as a targeted investment community unless the department
- 242 has issued to the applicant a commitment letter for such facility prior
- 243 to March 1, 1991. Notwithstanding the provisions of this subsection, an
- 244 eligibility certificate may be issued by the department after March 1,
- 245 1991, for a qualified manufacturing facility acquired, constructed or
- 246 substantially renovated in a distressed municipality provided the
- 247 commissioner determines that such acquisition, construction or
- 248 substantial renovation was initiated prior to March 1, 1991, and was
- 249 legitimately induced by the prospect of assistance under section 12-
- 250 217e, as amended by this act, and subdivisions (59) and (60) of section
- 251 12-81, as amended by this act, respectively.
- 252 (c) The department may issue an eligibility certificate for a qualified
- 253 manufacturing facility or a qualified service facility located in a
- 254 targeted investment community upon determination by the
- commissioner [(A)] (1) that the acquisition, construction or substantial
- 256 renovation relating to the qualified manufacturing facility or qualified

service facility in such community was induced by the prospect of assistance under section 12-217e, as amended by this act, and subdivisions (59) and (60) of [said] section 12-81, as amended by this act; and [(B)] (2) the applicant demonstrates an economic need or there is an economic benefit to the state. The department shall issue an eligibility certificate if the commissioner determines [(1)] (A) that the manufacturing facility is located in an enterprise zone designated pursuant to section 32-70 and is a qualified manufacturing facility, or [(2)] (B) that the facility is a plant, building, other real property improvement, or part thereof, which is located in a municipality with an entertainment district designated under section 32-76 or established under section 2 of public act 93-311, and which qualifies as a "manufacturing facility" under subsection (d) of section 32-9p, as amended by this act, in that it is to be used in the production of entertainment products, including multimedia products, or as part of the airing, display or provision of live entertainment for stage or broadcast, including support services such as set manufacturers, scenery makers, sound and video equipment providers and manufacturers, stage and screen writers, providers of capital for the entertainment industry and agents for talent, writers, producers and music properties and technological infrastructure support including, but not limited to, fiber optics, necessary to support multimedia and other entertainment formats, except entertainment provided by or shown at a gambling or gaming facility or a facility whose primary business is the sale or serving of alcoholic beverages.

(d) The department may issue an eligibility certificate for a biomanufacturing facility upon determination by the commissioner that (1) the acquisition, construction or substantial renovation relating to the biomanufacturing facility was initiated prior to July 1, 2014; (2) such acquisition, construction or substantial renovation was legitimately induced by the prospect of assistance under section 12-217e, as amended by this act, or subdivisions (59) and (60) of section 12-81, as amended by this act; and (3) the applicant demonstrates an economic need or there is an economic benefit to the state.

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[(b)] (e) The department shall reach a determination as to the eligibility of a facility within a reasonable time period, but may postpone the determination to the extent required to verify to its satisfaction that there is a high likelihood that any proposed facility will actually be constructed, expanded, substantially renovated or acquired. Upon a favorable finding, the department shall issue to the applicant a certificate to the effect that the facility concerned is a manufacturing facility, biomanufacturing facility or a service facility and is eligible for assistance under section 12-217e, as amended by this act, [and] or subdivisions (59) and (60) of section 12-81, as amended by this act.

[(c)] (f) Upon an unfavorable determination the department shall issue a notice to the applicant to the effect that the facility concerned has been determined not to be a manufacturing facility, biomanufacturing facility or a service facility, together with a statement in reasonable detail as to the reasons for the unfavorable determination. Any aggrieved applicant shall be afforded an opportunity for a public hearing on the matter within thirty days following issuance of the notice. The department shall reconsider the application based upon the information presented at the public hearing and reaffirm or change its earlier determination within ten days of the hearing.

[(d)] (g) The decision of the department to issue an eligibility certificate or to deny an application for the issuance of an eligibility certificate either upon the expiration of thirty days without a public hearing following an initial unfavorable determination or upon any reconsideration of the application pursuant to subsection [(c)] (f) of this section is conclusive and final as to the matters thereby decided, and chapter 54 shall not apply to the administrative determinations authorized to be made by this section.

[(e)] (h) Any person who claims a benefit under section 12-217e, as amended by this act, or subdivisions (59) and (60) of section 12-81, as amended by this act, shall notify the department of any change in fact

- or circumstance which may bear upon the continued qualification as a manufacturing facility, biomanufacturing facility or a service facility for which an eligibility certificate has been issued. Upon receipt of such information or upon independent investigation, the department may
- 328 revoke the eligibility certificate in the manner provided in subsection
- 329 [(c)] of this section.
- [(f)] (i) The commissioner shall adopt regulations, in accordance with chapter 54, to carry out the provisions of this section. Such regulations shall provide that establishments in the category of business services, as defined in the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, or manufacturing facilities, as defined in subsection (d) of section 32-9p, as amended by this act, may be eligible for a certificate if they are located in an enterprise zone.
- Sec. 3. Subdivision (59) of section 12-81 of the 2010 supplement to the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage and applicable to assessment years* commencing on or after October 1, 2010):
 - (59) (a) Any manufacturing facility, as defined in section 32-9p, as amended by this act, acquired, constructed, substantially renovated or expanded on or after July 1, 1978, in a distressed municipality, as defined in said section or in a targeted investment community, as defined in section 32-222, or in an enterprise zone designated pursuant to section 32-70 and for which an eligibility certificate has been issued by the Department of Economic and Community Development, and any manufacturing plant designated by the Commissioner of Economic and Community Development under subsection (a) of section 32-75c as follows: To the extent of eighty per cent of its valuation for purposes of assessment in each of the five full assessment years following the assessment year in which the acquisition, construction, renovation or expansion of the manufacturing facility is completed, except that a manufacturing facility having a standard industrial classification code of 2833 or 2834 and having at least one thousand full-time employees, as defined in subsection (f) of section

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32-9j, shall be eligible to have the assessment period extended for five additional years upon approval of the commissioner, in accordance with all applicable regulations, provided such full-time employees have not been relocated from another facility in the state operated by the same eligible applicant;

(b) Any service facility, as defined in section 32-9p, as amended by this act, acquired, constructed, substantially renovated or expanded on or after July 1, 1996, and for which an eligibility certificate has been issued by the Department of Economic and Community Development, as follows: (i) In the case of an investment of twenty million dollars or more but not more than thirty-nine million dollars in the service facility, to the extent of forty per cent of its valuation for purposes of assessment in each of the five full assessment years following the assessment year in which the acquisition, construction, renovation or expansion of the service facility is completed; (ii) in the case of an investment of more than thirty-nine million dollars but not more than fifty-nine million dollars in the service facility, to the extent of fifty per cent of its valuation for purposes of assessment in each of the five full assessment years following the assessment year in which the acquisition, construction, renovation or expansion of the service facility is completed; (iii) in the case of an investment of more than fifty-nine million dollars but not more than seventy-nine million dollars in the service facility, to the extent of sixty per cent of its valuation for purposes of assessment in each of the five full assessment years following the assessment year in which the acquisition, construction, renovation or expansion of the service facility is completed; (iv) in the case of an investment of more than seventy-nine million dollars but not more than ninety million dollars in the service facility, to the extent of seventy per cent of its valuation for purposes of assessment in each of the five full assessment years following the assessment year in which the acquisition, construction, renovation or expansion of the service facility is completed; or (v) in the case of an investment of more than ninety million dollars in the service facility, to the extent of eighty per cent of its valuation for purposes of assessment

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in each of the five full assessment years following the assessment year in which the acquisition, construction, renovation or expansion of the service facility is completed, except that any financial institution, as defined in section 12-217u, having at least four thousand qualified employees, as determined in accordance with an agreement pursuant to subdivision (3) of subsection (n) of section 12-217u, shall be eligible to have the assessment period extended for five additional years upon approval of the commissioner, in accordance with all applicable regulations, provided such full-time employees have not been relocated from another facility in the state operated by the same eligible applicant. In no event shall the definition of qualified employee be more favorable to the employer than the definition provided in section 12-217u;

(c) Any biomanufacturing facility, as defined in section 32-9p, as amended by this act, acquired, constructed, substantially renovated or expanded on or after the effective date of this section, but prior to July 1, 2014, and for which an eligibility certificate has been issued by the Department of Economic and Community Development for an investment of fifty million dollars or more in such facility, to the extent of eighty per cent of such facility's valuation for purposes of assessment in each of the seven full assessment years following the assessment year in which the acquisition, construction, renovation or expansion of the biomanufacturing facility is completed;

[(c)] (d) The completion date of a manufacturing facility, biomanufacturing facility, manufacturing plant or a service facility [will] shall be determined by the Department of Economic and Community Development taking into account the issuance of occupancy certificates and such other factors as it deems relevant. In the case of a manufacturing facility, biomanufacturing facility, manufacturing plant or a service facility which consists of a constructed, renovated or expanded portion of an existing plant, the assessed valuation of the facility or manufacturing plant is the difference between the assessed valuation of the plant prior to its being improved and the assessed valuation of the plant upon completion of

the improvements. In the case of a manufacturing facility, biomanufacturing facility, manufacturing plant or a service facility which consists of an acquired portion of an existing plant, the assessed valuation of the facility or manufacturing plant is the assessed valuation of the portion acquired. This exemption shall be applicable during each such assessment year regardless of any change in the ownership or occupancy of the facility or manufacturing plant. If during any such assessment year, however, any facility for which an eligibility certificate has been issued ceases to qualify as a manufacturing facility, biomanufacturing facility, manufacturing plant or a service facility, the entitlement to the exemption allowed by this subdivision shall terminate for the assessment year following the date on which the qualification ceases, and there shall not be a pro rata application of the exemption. Any person who desires to claim the exemption provided in this subdivision shall file annually with the assessor or board of assessors in the distressed municipality, targeted investment community or enterprise zone designated pursuant to section 32-70, as applicable, in which the manufacturing facility, biomanufacturing facility or service facility is located, on or before the first day of November, written application claiming such exemption on a form prescribed by the Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management. Failure to file such application in this manner and form within the time limit prescribed shall constitute a waiver of the right to such exemption for such assessment year, unless an extension of time is allowed pursuant to section 12-81k, and upon payment of the required fee for late filing;

- Sec. 4. Section 12-217e of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage and applicable to income years commencing on or after January 1, 2010*):
- (a) There shall be allowed as a credit against the tax imposed by this chapter an amount equal to twenty-five per cent of that portion of such tax which is allocable to any manufacturing facility, provided, for any such facility which is located in an enterprise zone designated pursuant to section 32-70 or in a municipality with an entertainment

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district designated under section 32-76 or established under section 2 of public act 93-311 and which became eligible as a manufacturing facility after the designation of such zone and for which not less than one hundred fifty full-time employees or thirty per cent of the full-time employment positions directly attributable to the manufacturing facility were, during the last quarter of the income year of the taxpayer, held by employees of the taxpayer who at the time of employment were (1) residents of such zone, or (2) residents of such and eligible training municipality for under the Comprehensive Employment Training Act or any other training program that may replace the Comprehensive Employment Training Act, a credit of fifty per cent shall be allowed. A position is directly attributable to the manufacturing facility if: (A) The work is performed or the base of operations is at the facility; (B) the position did not exist prior to the construction, renovation, expansion or acquisition of the facility; and (C) but for the construction, renovation, expansion or acquisition of the facility, the position would not have existed, provided nothing in this section shall preclude a position from being considered directly attributable to a manufacturing facility if such position formerly existed in an eligible manufacturing facility in the same municipality under section 32-9p, as amended by this act.

(b) There shall be allowed as a credit against the tax imposed by this chapter an amount equal to the following percentage of that portion of such tax which is allocable to any service facility: (1) Fifteen per cent, if there are three hundred or more but not more than five hundred ninety-nine new employees working at such facility; (2) twenty per cent if there are six hundred or more but not more than eight hundred ninety-nine new employees working at such facility; (3) twenty-five per cent, if there are nine hundred or more but not more than one thousand one hundred ninety-nine new employees working at such facility; (4) thirty per cent if there are one thousand two hundred or more but not more than one thousand four hundred ninety-nine new employees working at such facility; (5) forty per cent, if there are one thousand five hundred or more but not more than one thousand nine

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hundred ninety-nine new employees working at such facility; or (6) fifty per cent if there are two thousand or more new employees working at such facility. As used in this subsection: (A) "New employee" means a person hired by a taxpayer to fill a position for a new job or a person shifted from an existing location of the taxpayer outside this state to a service facility in this state, provided (i) in no case shall the total number of new employees allowed for purposes of this credit exceed the total increase in the taxpayer's employment in this state, which increase shall be the difference between (I) the number of employees employed by the taxpayer in this state at the time of application to the Commissioner of Revenue Services for such credit plus the number of new employees who would be eligible for inclusion under the credit allowed under this subsection without regard to this calculation, and (II) the highest number of employees employed by the taxpayer in this state in the year preceding the taxpayer's application to the Commissioner of Revenue Services for such credit, and (ii) a person shall be deemed to be a "new employee" only if such person's duties in connection with the operation of the facility are on a regular, full-time or equivalent or full-time and permanent basis; and (B) "new job" means a job that did not exist in the business of a taxpayer in this state prior to the taxpayer's application to the Commissioner of Revenue Services for such credit and that is filled by a new employee, but does not include a job created when an employee is shifted from an existing location of the taxpayer in this state to a service facility.

(c) There shall be allowed as a credit against the tax imposed by this chapter an amount equal to fifty per cent of that portion of such tax which is allocable to any biomanufacturing facility, as defined in section 32-9p, as amended by this act, provided such facility is located in a distressed municipality, as defined in section 32-9p, as amended by this act, and the greater of fifty full-time employees or thirty per cent of the full-time employment positions directly attributable to the biomanufacturing facility were, during the last quarter of the income year of the taxpayer, held by employees of the taxpayer who at the

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time of employment were residents of such municipality. A position is directly attributable to the biomanufacturing facility if: (1) The work is performed or the base of operations is at the facility; (2) the position did not exist prior to the construction, renovation, expansion or acquisition of the facility; and (3) but for the construction, renovation, expansion or acquisition of the facility, the position would not have existed, provided nothing in this section shall preclude a position from being considered directly attributable to a biomanufacturing facility if such position formerly existed in an eligible biomanufacturing facility in the same municipality under section 32-9p, as amended by this act.

[(c)] (d) The portion of such tax which is allocable to such a manufacturing facility, biomanufacturing facility or service facility shall be determined by multiplying such tax by a fraction computed as the simple arithmetical mean of the following fractions: First, a fraction the numerator of which is the average monthly net book value in the income year of the manufacturing facility, biomanufacturing facility or service facility and machinery and equipment acquired for and installed in the manufacturing facility, biomanufacturing facility or service facility, without deduction on account of any encumbrance thereon, or if rented to the taxpayer, the value of the manufacturing facility, biomanufacturing facility or service facility and machinery and equipment acquired for and installed in the manufacturing facility, biomanufacturing facility or service facility, computed by multiplying the gross rents payable by the taxpayer for the manufacturing facility or service facility and such machinery and equipment during the income year or period by eight, and the denominator of which is the sum of the average monthly net book value of all real property and machinery and equipment held and owned by the taxpayer in the state, without deduction on account of any encumbrance thereon and the value of all real property and machinery and equipment rented to the taxpayer in the state, computed by multiplying the gross rents payable during the income year by eight; and second, a fraction the numerator of which is all wages, salaries and other compensation paid during the income year to employees of the taxpayer whose positions

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are directly attributable to the manufacturing facility or service facility and the denominator of which is the wages, salaries and other compensation paid during the income year to all employees of the taxpayer in the state. An employee's position is directly so attributable if (1) the employee's service is performed or [his] <u>such employee's</u> base of operations is at the manufacturing facility, biomanufacturing facility or service facility, (2) the position did not exist prior to the construction, renovation, expansion or acquisition manufacturing facility, biomanufacturing facility or service facility, and (3) but for the construction, renovation, expansion or acquisition of the manufacturing facility, biomanufacturing facility or service facility the position would not have existed. For the purposes of this subsection, "gross rents" means gross rents as defined in section 12-218.

[(d)] (e) The credit allowed by this section may be claimed only by the initial occupant or occupants of the manufacturing facility, biomanufacturing facility or service facility. The owner of the manufacturing facility, biomanufacturing facility or service facility may not claim the credit unless the owner is also an occupant. The credit may first be claimed on the tax return for the taxpayer's income year which begins during the calendar year next succeeding the calendar year in which the taxpayer was issued an eligibility certificate, and may be claimed in each of the following nine income years. If within such period, however, any facility for which an eligibility certificate has been issued ceases to qualify as a manufacturing facility, biomanufacturing facility or service facility or any occupant of a manufacturing facility, biomanufacturing facility or service facility ceases to be an occupant, the entitlement to the credit allowed by this section shall terminate in the income year in which the qualification or occupancy ceases, and there shall not be a pro rata application of the credit to such income year.

[(e)] (f) Any subsequent occupant or occupants of a manufacturing facility, biomanufacturing facility or service facility for which an eligibility certificate has been issued may claim the credit allowed by this section in accordance with subsection [(c)] (d) of this section but

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only after obtaining a new eligibility certificate with respect to the manufacturing facility, biomanufacturing facility or service facility being occupied in the manner provided in section 32-9r, as amended by this act.

[(f)] (g) The Commissioner of Economic and Community Development shall, upon request, provide a copy of the applicable eligibility certificate to the Commissioner of Revenue Services.

Sec. 5. (NEW) (Effective July 1, 2010) Notwithstanding section 12-705 of the general statutes, from October 1, 2010, to September 30, 2017, inclusive, the liability under section 12-705 of the general statutes for an employer making payment of wages to employees at a biomanufacturing facility located in a distressed municipality shall be limited to an amount computed in such manner as to result, so far as practicable, in withholding from the employee's wages during each calendar year an amount substantially equivalent to fifteen per cent of the tax reasonably estimated to be due from the employee under chapter 229 of the general statutes with respect to the amount of such wages during the calendar year. For the purposes of this section, "biomanufacturing facility" and "distressed municipality" shall have the same meaning as in section 32-9p of the general statutes, as amended by this act.

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:			
Section 1	July 1, 2010	32-9p	
Sec. 2	July 1, 2010	32-9r	
Sec. 3	from passage and applicable to assessment years commencing on or after October 1, 2010	12-81(59)	
Sec. 4	from passage and applicable to income years commencing on or after January 1, 2010	12-217e	
Sec. 5	July 1, 2010	New section	

Statement of Legislative Commissioners:

In subdivision (h) of section 1, "which was" was added after "part thereof" and "such purposes which existed" was changed to "biomanufacturing purposes" for clarity and to insure cleanness and conciseness in phraseology. In subsection (c) of section 3, "a biomanufacturing facility" was changed to "such facility" for clarity and consistency with the style of the general statutes. In subsection (c) of section 4, a reference to the definition of biomanufacturing facility was added for clarity and consistency and "not less than" was changed to "the greater of" for clarity and to achieve the intent of the committee.

CE Joint Favorable Subst.